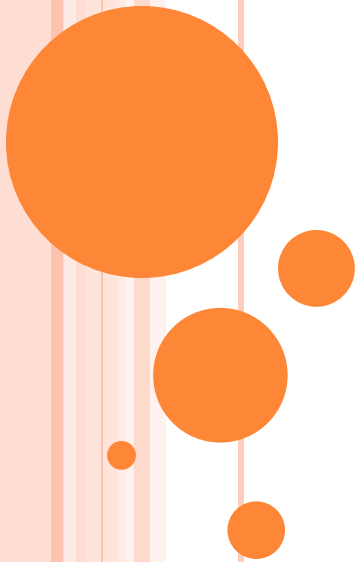


CASE PRESENTATION

**DR NITYA
1ST YEAR PG
DEPT. OF ENT**



Name – Ch.Balaiah

Age – 60 yrs

Sex- male

Occupation – farmer

Residence - Nalgonda dist.

DOA – 28-12-15



- **CHIEF COMPLAINTS:**

- Swelling in the left forehead since 1 month
- Left facial pain since 15 days



○ HOPI

-Patient was apparently asymptomatic 1 month back and then developed a diffuse swelling in the left forehead

-Insidious in onset and gradually progressive

-No aggravating and relieving factors

--c/o left facial pain since 15 days which was severe throbbing type continuous with no aggravating & relieving factors

-a/w left unilateral frontal headache throbbing type
n/a/w nausea and vomiting



- a/w 1 episode of bleeding from nose from the left 15 days back
- Precipitated with nose picking, minimal in quantity, lasted for few minutes and subsided spontaneously
- a/w blurring of vision
- a/w fever which was low grade intermittent not a/w chills and rigors



- a/w mouth breathing and snoring
- No h/o allergic symptoms, postnasal drip
- No h/o trauma
- No h/o ear pain, decreased hearing, ringing sensation, aural fullness
- No h/o double vision
- No h/o sore throat, change of voice, difficulty in swallowing
- No h/o cough, shortness of breath

-



○ PAST HISTORY :

- No similar c/o in the past
- No h/o any drug allergies and Radiation exposure
- N/K/C/O DM, HTN, TB, BA,CAD, Epilepsy
- No h/o previous surgeries

○ PERSONAL HISTORY :

- Diet : Mixed
- Appetite : Normal
- Bowel & bladder : Regular
- Sleep : Disturbed



-He is a known smoker since 40 years smoking 2 packs per day and stopped 2 yrs back

-No h/o tobacco chewing

-No addiction to alcohol

○ FAMILY HISTORY :

- No similar c/o in the family



GENERAL EXAMINATION

- Patient is moderately built and nourished
- He is conscious, coherent with respect to time and space
- Vitals – PR- 84/min
 - BP- 110/70 mmHg
 - CVS – S1 S2 heard, no murmurs
 - RS – BAE, No adventitious sounds heard
- Pallor (+) , No icetrus,cyanosis,koilonychia, lymphadenopathy ,clubbing, pedal oedema



LOCAL EXAMINATION

○ O/E FACE: INSPECTION

- Facial asymmetry present
- Diffuse 6x4 cm swelling present in the Left supraorbital region
- Extending horizontally from the midline to the left temple
- Superiorly from middle of the forehead to just below the left orbital rim



- Skin over the swelling normal
- Two vertical scars + over the medial end of (L) eyebrow
- No fistulas or sinuses seen
- No dilated or engorged veins or transmitted pulsations seen



- Intercanthal distance widened
- Ptosis of the left upper lid (+)
- (L) Proptosis +
- No conjunctival congestion ,incomplete eye closure or restricted ocular mobility
- No signs of facial N weakness

PALPATION :

- Inspectory findings confirmed-Tenderness over the swelling (+)
- Crepitus (+)
- No local rise of temperature
- Soft in consistency, compressible
- Not mobile
- Skin is pinchable





-Fluctuation absent, translucency -ve

○ **O/E NOSE:**

-External framework- broadening of the root of the nose seen

-Vestibule, columella-Normal

-**Anterior Rhinoscopy**- Black, hard , irregular crusts present filling the entire left nasal cavity and over the septum; turbinates, roof and floor not seen on the left



-Right nasal cavity severely narrowed and septum, turbinates, floor, roof cannot be identified

-**Posterior Rhinoscopy**- B/L choana filled with crusts; posterior end of the turbinates and septum not identified

-**Cold spatula test**- reduced misting b/l

-Left maxillary, ethmoidal and frontal sinus tenderness (+)



- **O/E EAR**

	RIGHT	LEFT
PINNA	Normal	Normal
EAC	Clear	Clear
TYMPANIC MEMBRANE	Intact	Intact



○ **O/E ORAL CAVITY:**

- No trismus
- Lips – Normal
- GL,GB sulcus- Normal
- Gingivitis (+)
- Nicotine staining of teeth (+)
- Anterior 2/3rd tongue-Normal
- Hard palate-Normal
- Floor of the mouth - Normal
- Retromolar trigone-Normal



○ O/E OROPHARYNX:

-Anterior pillar

-Tonsil

-Posterior pillar

-Soft palate Normal

-Uvula

-Posterior 1/3rd tongue

-Posterior pharyngeal wall



- O/E NECK :

- No other swellings seen

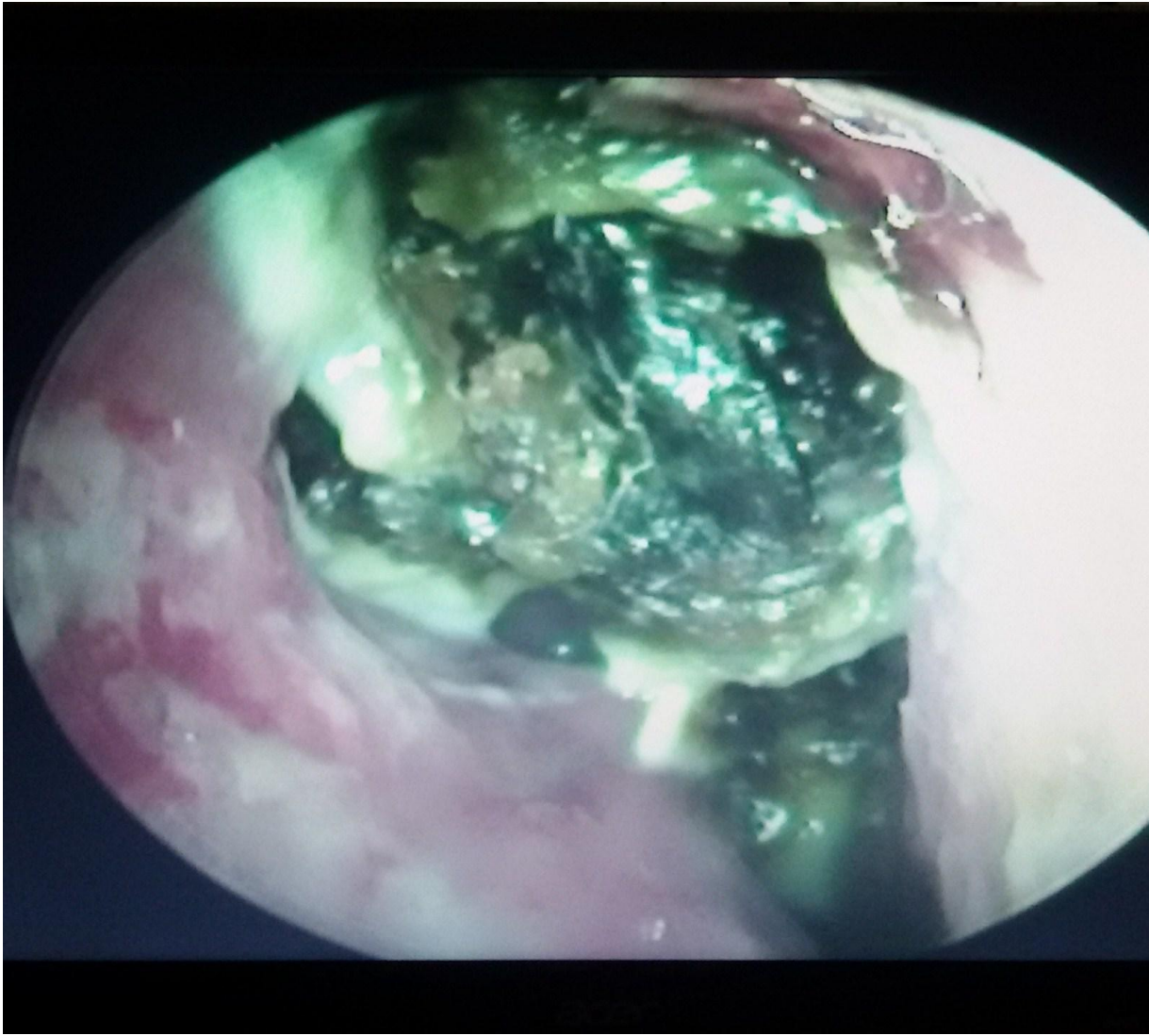
- No palpable lymphadenopathy



DIAGNOSTIC NASAL ENDOSCOPY

- Hard dark greenish black crust found in the left nasal cavity
- Crusts cannot be removed and an attempt to remove precipitated bleeding
- Right nasal cavity is severely narrowed and endoscope could not be passed





INVESTIGATIONS

○ CBP :

-Hb : 12.4%

-TLC : 11,800/cubicmm

-Neutrophils : 54%

-Lymphocytes : 42%

-Eosinophils : 2%

-Monocytes: 2%

-Basophils : 0%

-Platelet count : 2.53 lakhs/cubicmm

-Blood group : B +ve

-BT : 2 min

-CT : 4 min



- APTT : 32
- PT : 16
- INR : 1.1
- RBS : 144 mg/dl
- Blood Urea : 50 mg/dl
- Serum creatinine : 1.6 mg/dl
- S.Na⁺ : 139 mmol/L
- S.K⁺ : 4.2 mmol/L
- S.Cl : 100 mmol/L
- CUE : Normal study



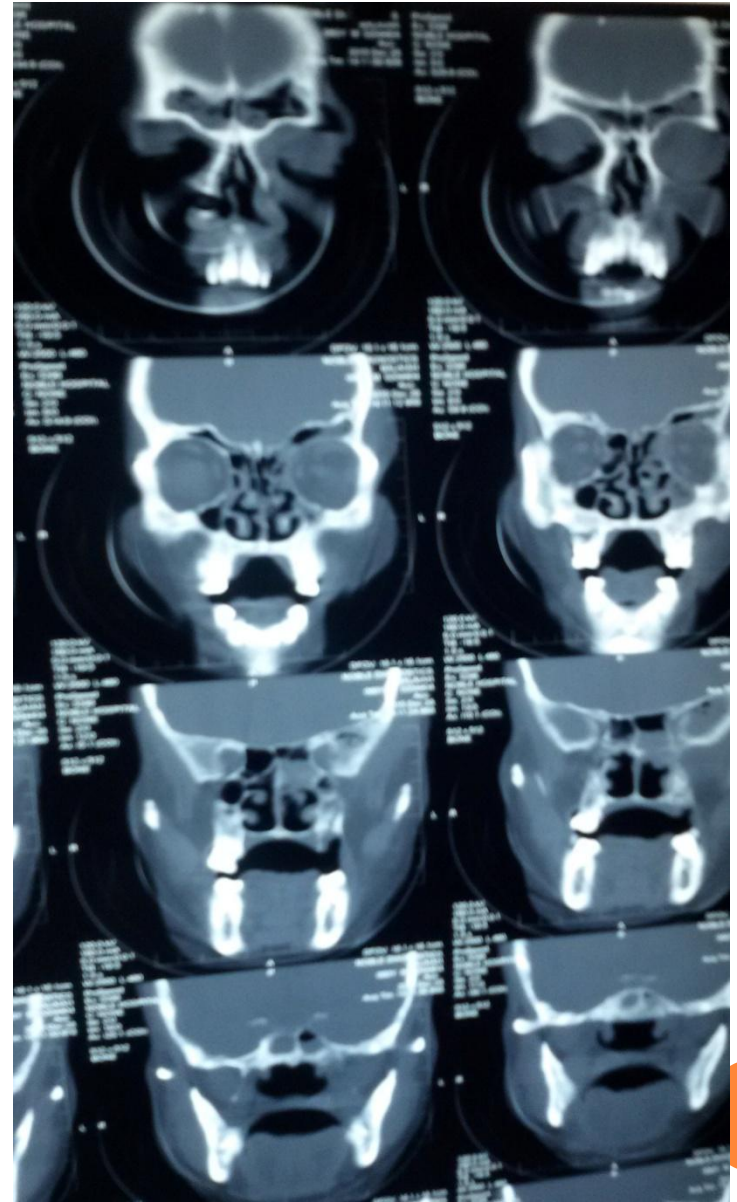
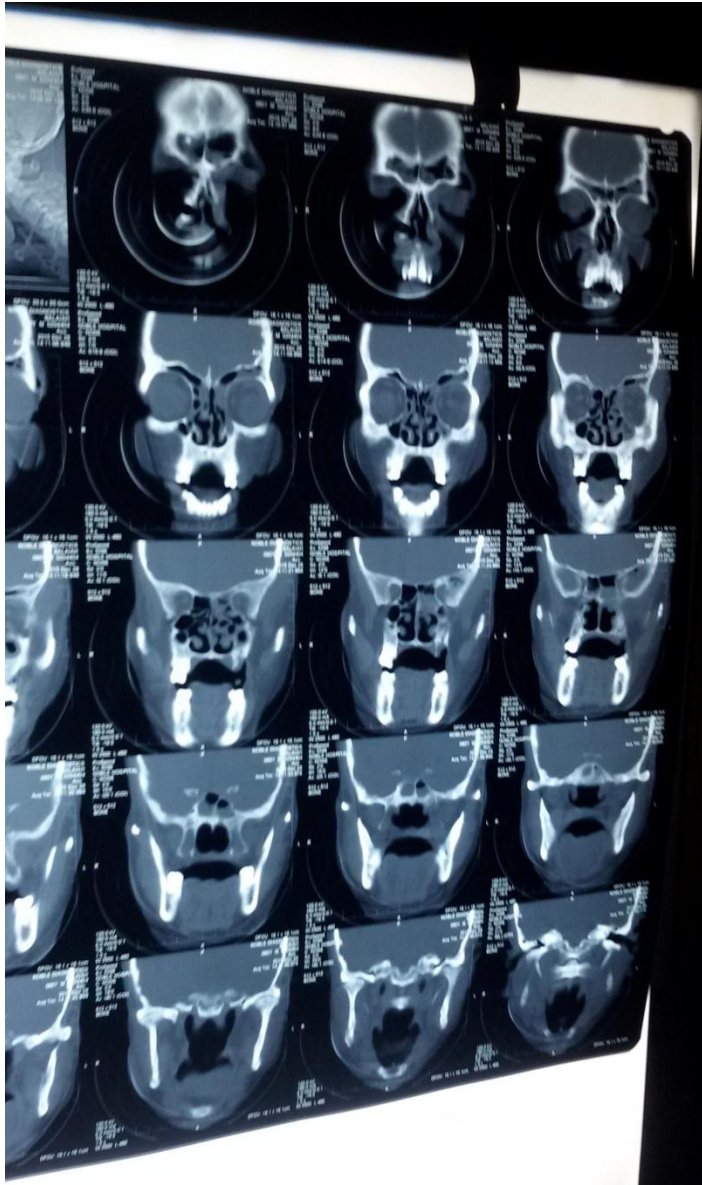
- Chest X Ray PA view : Normal study
- ECG : Normal study
- USG Abdomen was reported as -Grade 1-2 Renal parenchymal disease



CT PNS

- Soft tissue density occupying the left nasal cavity
- Bony septum absent
- **IMPRESSION: Pansinusitis with ? Septal perforation**





PROVISIONAL DIAGNOSIS

- Pott's puffy tumor (fronto-ethmoidal osteomyelitis)
- Atrophic rhinitis
- Granulomatous lesion of nose



MEDICAL MANAGEMENT

- Patient was on broad spectrum antibiotics and analgesics:
 - Inj Monocef 1gm IV BD
 - Inj Metrgyl 100 ml IV TID
 - Inj Voveran 75 mg IM BD
 - Inj Rantac 50mg IV BD



- Patient was referred to the Ophthalmologist in view of Left ptosis and proptosis

- There findings were:

- Proptosis of left eye according to LEUDDE EXOPHTHALMOMETER:

- Right eye reading : 14mm

- Left eye reading : 23mm

- Ptosis: MRD 1= 1 mm

- MRD 2= 4 mm

- PFW = 7 mm



- Patient was referred to the Nephrologist in view of Renal parenchymal disease as per USG abdomen and elevated B.Urea levels
- No active intervention was suggested



SURGICAL MANAGEMENT

- After the Pre anaesthetic checkup patient was posted for Functional nasal endoscopic sinus surgery under GA
- Under all aseptic conditions patient was placed in a supine position with 15degree head end elevation
- Stony hard crusts found in both the nasal cavity and removed
- Large septal perforation noted involving the entire septum except the caudal end of the cartilagenous septum



- Lateral wall of the left nasal cavity eroded along with lamina papyracea
- No turbinates identified
- Granulations + under the crusts seen after the crust removal involving the ethmoidal cells, sphenoid sinus and lamina
- Frontal beak was found eroded and both frontal sinuses filled with pus & sequestrum which was cleared
- Haemostasis secured
- Anterior nasal packing done with soframycin soaked ribbon gauze
- Patient shifted to the Post-OP in a stable condition



- The granulations found after the removal of the crust was sent for histopathological examination



POD - 0

- Anterior nasal pack present , No soakage, No post nasal bleed
- 15 degree head end elevation
- IVF- 1DNS & 1RL @ 100 ml/hr
- Inj Monocef 1 gm IV BD
- Inj Metrogyl 100 ml IV TID
- Inj Deriphyllin 1amp IV Stat
- Inj Decadron 8 mg IV BD
- Inj Tranexamic acid 1 amp IV SOS
- Inj Voveran 75 mg IM BD
- Inj PAN 40 mg IV OD BBF
- T.Levocetizine 5 mg HS



POD - 1

- Patient c/o pain over the Left frontal area
- Proptosis reduced
- Pack removal done
- No active/postnasal bleed
- Swelling over the (L) frontal area reduced



- Inj Monocef 1 gm IV BD
- Inj Metrogyl 100 ml IV TID
- Inj PAN 40 mg IV OD BBF
- Inj Tramadol 50 mg IV BD
- Inj Deriphyllin IV BD
- Inj Decadron 8 mg IV BD
- Inj Tranexamic acid IV SOS
- Otrivin N/D 3 drops TID
- Flutirest Nasal spray 2puffs twice daily



POD – 2,3

- Patient c/o left frontal headache
- Proptosis and ptosis of (L) eye reduced
- Swelling over (L) frontal region reduced
- Mucous plugs present in the (R) nasal cavity +
- Same treatment was continued
- Saline nasal douching advised 2-3 times daily



POD - 4

- Patient had no fresh complaints
- He was advised
 - Liquid paraffin drops instillation in the nasal cavity
 - Glucose + glycerine paste for L/A
 - T. Prednisolone given as 1mg/kg in divided doses
 - Alkaline nasal douching with Soda bicarbonate (2), Sodium baborate (2) and Sodium chloride (1)
- Rest of the analgesics and antibiotics were continued along with the steroid nasal spray



POD -5,6

- Were uneventful
- Same treatment was continued

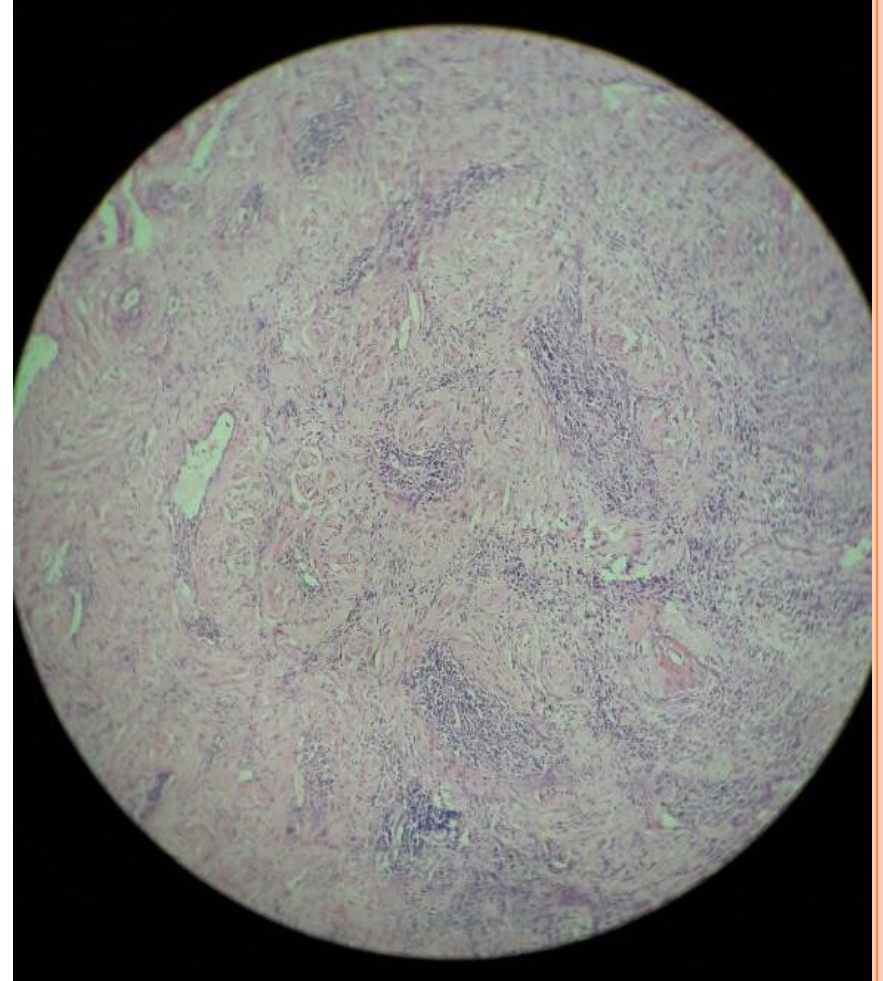
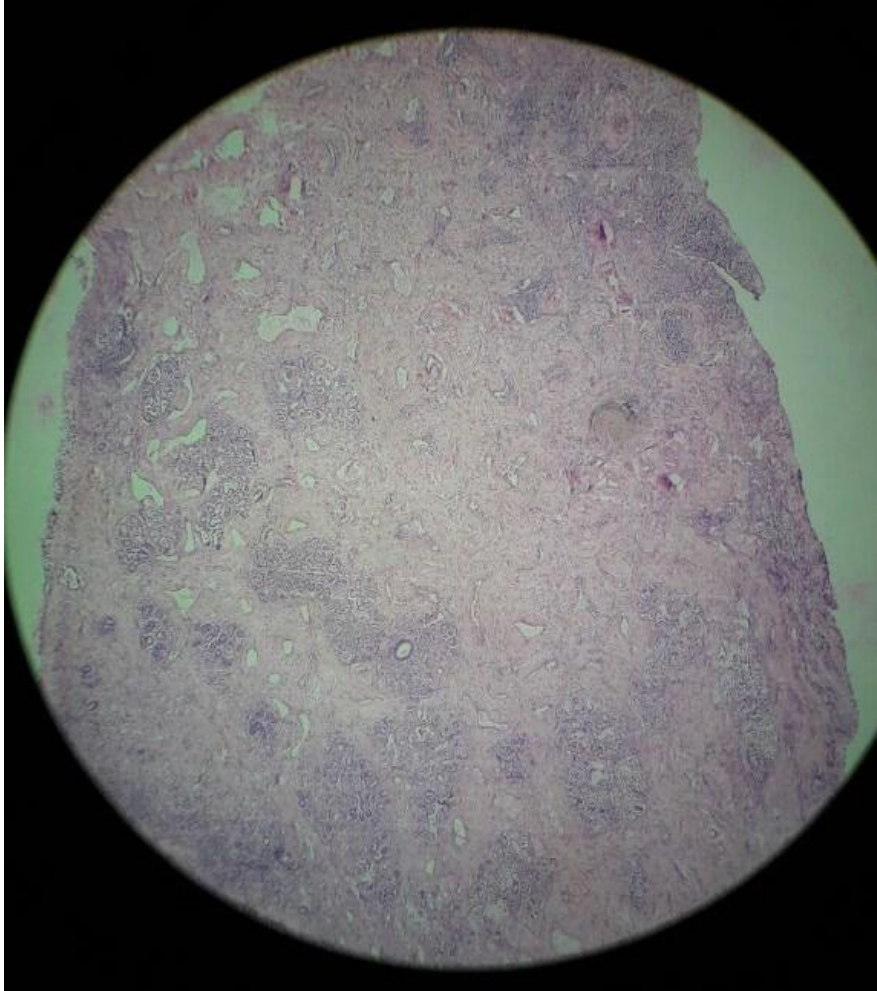


POD - 7

- Patient had no fresh complaints
- Received the histopathological reporting of the granulations sent intraoperatively



HISTOPATHOLOGICAL EXAMINATION



HPE REPORTING

- Features suggestive of WEGENER's GRANULOMATOSIS a/w seromucinous glandular hyperplasia



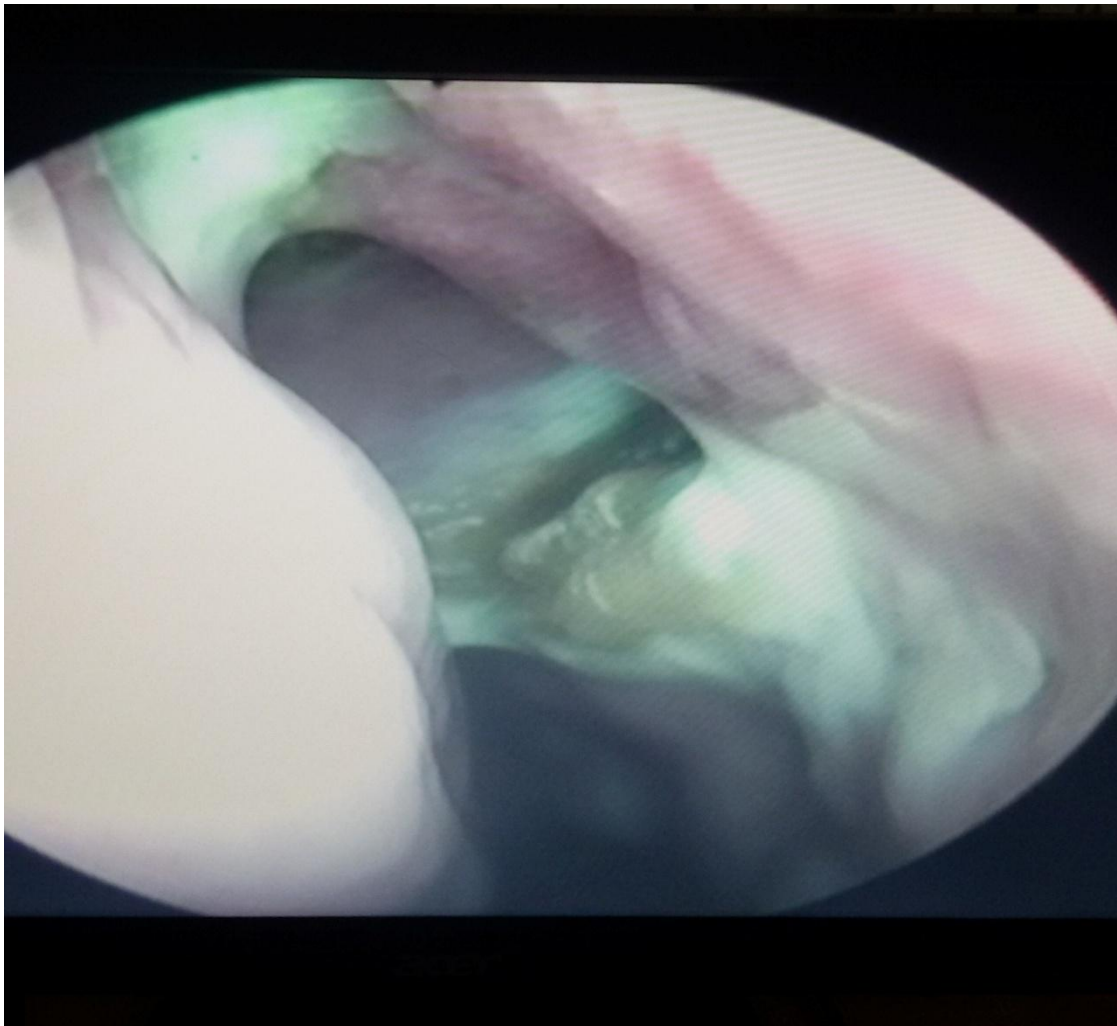
- Upon the histopathological reporting suggestive of WEGENER's granulomatosis, Patient was advised to test for c-ANCA and p-ANCA at a higher centre
- He was then discharged with the following treatment:
 - T. Prednisolone 30 mg BD for 10 days
 - Alkaline nasal douching 2-3 times daily
 - Flutirest nasal spray 2 puffs twice daily
- Patient was asked to review with reports of the above mentioned investigations



- Patient was reviewed in the OP 1 week later
- He had no fresh complaints
- However he did not go to the higher centre to check for the specific markers i.e, ANCA due to financial constraints



POST-OPERATIVE DNE



спасибо
danke 謝謝
ngiyabonga
teşekkür ederim
dank je
gracias
tapadh leat
bedankt
hvala
mauruu
thank you
mochchakkeram
dziękuje
sagolun
sukriya
kop khun krap
go raibh maith agat
arigatō
dakujem
merci
merci
terima kasih
감사합니다
ευχαριστώ

